

9.18) MAXWELL-BOLTZMANN STATISTICS ARE VALID IF THE PARTICLE WAVE FUNCTIONS DON'T OVERLAP.

a) USING DE BROGLIE, SHOW

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{(3mkT)^{1/2}}$$

b) FOR $N/V = \frac{1}{d^3}$, SHOW THAT $\lambda \ll 1$ BECOMES

$$\left(\frac{N}{V}\right) \frac{h^3}{(3mkT)^{3/2}} \ll 1$$

a) DE BROGLIE SAID

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$$

$$\vec{h} = \frac{p^2}{2m} \Rightarrow p = \sqrt{2mE}$$

TAKING $p = mv$ AND $E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{3}{2}kT$,

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2mE}} = \left[\frac{h}{(3mkT)^{1/2}} = \lambda \right] \text{ WAVELENGTH OF A PARTICLE AT } T$$

b) THE VOLUME OF A GAS IS THE NUMBER OF PARTICLES TIMES THEIR SEPARATION; THUS

$$\frac{N}{V} = \frac{1}{d^3} \Rightarrow d = \left(\frac{V}{N}\right)^{1/3}$$

REQUIRING $\lambda \ll d$ GIVES

$$\frac{h}{(3mkT)^{1/2}} \ll \left(\frac{V}{N}\right)^{1/3}$$

CUBING BOTH SIDES & REARRANGING GIVES

$$\left[\left(\frac{N}{V}\right) \left[\frac{h}{(3mkT)^{1/2}} \right]^3 \ll 1 \right] \text{ Q.E.D.}$$

CONDITION FOR M-B STATS TO BE VALID



9.18) CONTINUED

- c) DETERMINE WHETHER M-B STATS ARE VALID FOR
- Ar GAS AT STP
 - CONDUCTION e^- 'S IN SILVER AT $T = 293\text{K}$

ci) AT STP, 1 MOLE OF IDEAL GAS HAS $V = 22.4\text{L}$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{N}{V}\right)_{\text{Ar, STP}} = \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ Ar}}{22.4 \text{ L}} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ L}}{\text{m}^3}\right) = 2.69 \times 10^{25} \frac{\text{Ar}}{\text{m}^3}$$

TAKING (P.668 T2DII)

$$m_{\text{Ar}} = 39.962 \text{ u} \left(\frac{1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}}{\text{u}}\right) = 6.63 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{N}{V}\right) \left[\frac{h}{\sqrt{3m_{\text{Ar}} kT}}\right]^3 = (2.69 \times 10^{25}) \left[\frac{6.63 \times 10^{-34}}{\sqrt{3(6.63 \times 10^{-26})(1.38 \times 10^{-23})(293)}}\right]^3$$

$$= (2.69 \times 10^{25})(1.28 \times 10^{-32})$$

$$\left[\left(\frac{N}{V}\right) \left[\frac{h}{\sqrt{3m_{\text{Ar}} kT}}\right]^3\right] = 3.44 \times 10^{-7} \Rightarrow \text{SINCE THIS IS } \ll 1, \text{ M-B STATS VALID FOR Ar AT STP!}$$

cii) TREY TABLE 9.3 GIVES $\left(\frac{N}{V}\right)_{\text{Ag}} = 5.86 \times 10^{28} \frac{e^-}{\text{m}^3}$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{N}{V}\right) \left[\frac{h}{\sqrt{3m_e kT}}\right]^3 = (5.86 \times 10^{28}) \left[\frac{6.63 \times 10^{-34}}{\sqrt{3(9.11 \times 10^{-31})(1.38 \times 10^{-23})(293)}}\right]^3$$

$$= (5.86 \times 10^{28})(2.57 \times 10^{-25})$$

$$\left[\left(\frac{N}{V}\right) \left[\frac{h}{\sqrt{3m_e kT}}\right]^3\right] = 14701 \gg 1!$$

↳ SO M-B STATISTICS ARE NOT

VALID FOR CONDUCTION

e^- IN SILVER AT 293K!